

# **HANDBOOK**

# Bio-T kit® BoNT all types

Cat. N° BIOTK061 - Pack (BIOTK062, BIOTK063, BIOTK064, BIOTK065)

Containing one kit of each following references:

Bio-T kit<sup>®</sup> BoNT A & F Bio-T kit<sup>®</sup> BoNT B & E Bio-T kit<sup>®</sup> BoNT C & D Bio-T kit<sup>®</sup> BoNT G

Cat. N° BIOTK062 – 50 reactions

Cat. N° BIOTK063 - 50 reactions

Cat. N° BIOTK064 - 50 reactions

Cat. N° BIOTK065 – 50 reactions

Revision: 2019-08

Detection of Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT)
types A & F, B & E, C & D and G
by real-time PCR (qPCR)
with exogenous internal positive control (IPC)

#### Sample types

- Food for humans and animals
- Environmental samples (sludge, manure ...)
- All other matrices likely to contain botulinum neurotoxin genes
- Individual analysis

Not for diagnosic use



# **DOCUMENTS MANAGEMENT**

The Bio-T kit® BoNT all types has this qPCR handbook, presenting the instruction information to perform the qPCR.

The last versions in use for this handbook is indicated on the certificate of analysis (CA) provided with the Bio-T kit® BoNT all types.

# **MODIFICATIONS MANAGEMENT**

BioSellal indicates modifications done to this document by highlighting them using the rules presented in the Table below:

	MODIFICATIONS MANAGEMENT					
Type of modification Highlighting color	Minor modifications	Type 1 Major modifications	Type 2 Major modifications			
Impact on revision / version	Change of revision date No change of version	Change of revision date + change of version	Change of revision date + change of version			
	Corrections: typographical, grammatical or turns of phrase	EPC reference modification	Modification of Master Mix composition			
Examples of	Addition of new sample type for extraction	Exogenous IPC reference modification	Modification of validated extraction protocol			
modifications	Addition of information giving more details or alternative protocol Addition/Suppression of optional information					



## **PRESENTATION**

# Recommendations for sampling, shipping and storage of samples

Real-time PCR is a powerful technique allowing the detection of few amounts of pathogen genome. Genome can be rapidly degraded depending on the pathogen nature (bacteria / parasites, enveloped viruses...), the genome nature (DNA / RNA) and the sample type (presence of DNase / RNase). Thus, BioSellal recommends the following instructions to guarantee an optimal diagnosis.

#### Sampling

To prevent cross-contamination between samples leading to false positive results, it is mandatory to use disposable materials for single use and to avoid direct contact between specimens.

# **Shipping**

According to the recommendations of French National Reference Center (NRC) for anaerobic bacteria and botulism (Institut Pasteur, Paris), food or environmental samples can be sent at room temperature, preferably in an airtight container without delay conditions. For other country, shipping must comply with the requirement of the relevant legislation and by default, with the specification of OIE manual.

## Storage after reception

Storage must comply with the requirement of the relevant legislation of your country and by default, with the specification of OIE manual.

# **FOOD Line**

The Bio-T kit® BoNT all types is a pack of 4 kits, belonging to the FOOD line. This FOOD line gathers a set of kits dedicated to the detection of pathogens or genes coding for proteins responsible for health disorders in humans or animals and which shared common PCR protocols It is compatible with BioSellal's other kits except with the ones belonging to the PIG and AVIAN lines. (information available on <a href="https://www.biosellal.com">www.biosellal.com</a>).



# Description of the Bio-T kit® BoNT all types

The Bio-T kit® BoNT all types (Cat. N° BIOTK061) is composed of 4 kits:

- Bio-T kit® BoNT A & F Cat. N° BIOTK062 – 50 reactions
- Bio-T kit® BoNT B & E Cat. N° BIOTK063 – 50 reactions
- Bio-T kit® BoNT C & D Cat. N° BIOTK064 – 50 reactions
- Bio-T kit® BoNT G Cat. N° BIOTK065 – 50 reactions

### Description of the Bio-T kit® BoNT A & F

The Bio-T kit® BoNT A & F (Cat. N° BIOTK062) contains a ready to use PCR Master Mix allowing the detection in the same reaction well of:

- The coding gene for Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT) type A with a 6-FAM labelling
- The coding gene for Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT) type F with a VIC labelling
- An exogenous internal positive control IPC DNA, with a Cy5 labelling, to add at the extraction step to assess nucleic acids extraction quality and absence of PCR inhibitors.

#### Description of the Bio-T kit® BoNT B & E

The Bio-T kit® BoNT B & E (Cat. N° BIOTK063) contains a ready to use PCR Master Mix allowing the detection in the same reaction well of:

- The coding gene for Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT) type B with a 6-FAM labelling
- The coding gene for Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT) type E with a VIC labelling
- An exogenous internal positive control IPC DNA, with a Cy5 labelling, to add at the extraction step to assess nucleic acids extraction quality and absence of PCR inhibitors.

## Description of the Bio-T kit® BoNT C & D

The Bio-T kit® BoNT C & D (Cat. N° BIOTK064) contains a ready to use PCR Master Mix allowing the detection in the same reaction well of:

- The coding gene for Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT) type C with a 6-FAM labelling
- The coding gene for Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT) type D with a VIC labelling
- An exogenous internal positive control IPC DNA, with a Cy5 labelling, to add at the extraction step to assess nucleic acids extraction quality and absence of PCR inhibitors.

# Description of the Bio-T kit® BoNT G

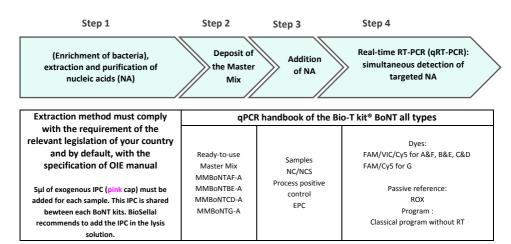
The Bio-T kit® BoNT G (Cat. N° BIOTK065) contains a ready to use PCR Master Mix allowing the detection in the same reaction well of:

- The coding gene for Botulinum Neurotoxins (BoNT) type G with a 6-FAM labelling
- An exogenous internal positive control IPC DNA, with a Cy5 labelling, to add at the extraction step to assess nucleic acids extraction quality and absence of PCR inhibitors.

These 4 kits are based on qualitative dectection of BoNT types A & F, B & E, C & D and G (detected or not detected) on food for humans and animals, environmental samples (sludge, manure ...) and all other matrices likely to contain botulinum neurotoxin genes. They have been developed and validated according to the French regulatory standard NF U47-600-2 edited by AFNOR.



# Description of the whole process



# Kits contents and storage

#### Bio-T kit® BoNT A & F

Cat. N° BIOTK062 - 50 reactions

Table 1	Table 1. Description of the BoNT A & F kit contents					
Description	Reference	Volume/tube	Presentation	Storage		
Master Mix (MM) Ready to use	MMBoNTAF-A	750 μΙ	tube white cap Bag A	≤-16°C Protected from light, « MIX » Area		
Exogenous Internal Positive Control (IPC)	IPC-A	250 μΙ	tube <mark>pink cap</mark> Bag B	≤-16°C « Extraction » Area		
External Positive Control (EPC) Positive PCR control of BoNT A & F	EPCBoNTAF-A	110 μΙ	tube <mark>orange</mark> cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area		
<b>Water</b> RNase/DNase free	Aqua-A	1 ml	tube blue cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area		



# Bio-T kit® BoNT B & E

## Cat. N° BIOTK063 - 50 reactions

Table 2. Description of the BoNT B & E kit contents					
Description	Reference	Volume/tube	Presentation	Storage	
Master Mix (MM) Ready to use	MMBoNTBE-A	750 μl	tube white cap Bag A	≤-16°C Protected from light, « MIX » Area	
Exogenous Internal Positive Control (IPC)	IPC-A	250 μl	tube <mark>pink cap</mark> Bag B	≤-16°C « Extraction » Area	
External Positive Control (EPC) Positive PCR control of BoNT B & E	EPCBoNTBE-A	110 μΙ	tube <mark>orange</mark> cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area	
<b>Water</b> RNase/DNase free	Aqua-A	1 ml	tube blue cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area	

# Bio-T kit® BoNT C & D

## Cat. N° BIOTK064 - 50 reactions

Table 3. Description of the BoNT C & D kit contents					
Description	Reference	Volume/tube	Presentation	Storage	
Master Mix (MM) Ready to use	MMBoNTCD-A	750 μΙ	tube white cap Bag A	≤-16°C Protected from light, « MIX » Area	
Exogenous Internal Positive Control (IPC)	IPC-A	250 µl	tube <mark>pink cap</mark> Bag B	≤-16°C « Extraction » Area	
External Positive Control (EPC) Positive PCR control of BoNT C & D	EPCBoNTCD-A	110 μΙ	tube orange cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area	
<b>Water</b> RNase/DNase free	Aqua-A	1 ml	tube blue cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area	



#### Bio-T kit® BoNT G

#### Cat. N° BIOTK065 - 50 reactions

Table 4. Description of the BoNT G kit contents					
Description	Reference	Volume/tube	Presentation	Storage	
Master Mix (MM) Ready to use	MMBoNTG-A	750 μΙ	tube white cap Bag A	≤-16°C Protected from light, « MIX » Area	
Exogenous Internal Positive Control (IPC)	IPC-A	250 μΙ	tube <mark>pink cap</mark> Bag B	≤-16°C « Extraction » Area	
External Positive Control (EPC) Positive PCR control of BoNT G	EPCBoNTG-A	110 μΙ	tube <mark>orange</mark> cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area	
<b>Water</b> RNase/DNase free	Aqua-A	1 ml	tube blue cap Bag C	≤-16°C « Addition of Nucleic acids » Area	

Kits reagents are stable until the expiration date stated on the label, subject to compliance with good storage conditions.

# Main critical points

- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (lab coat, disposable gloves frequently changed).
- Work in dedicated and separate areas to avoid contamination: "Extraction" (unextracted samples storage, extraction equipment area), "Mix" (ready to use MM storage, qRT-PCR plates preparation), "Nucleic acids (NA) Addition" (Nucleic Acids storage and addition of extracted NA and controls in the qRT-PCR plate), "PCR" (final area containing the thermocycler(s)).
- Use dedicated equipment for each working area (gloves, lab coat, pipettes, vortex, ...).
- Use filter tips.
- Before use, thaw all components at room temperature.
- Vortex and spin briefly (mini-centrifuge) all reagents before use.
- Avoid the repetition of freezing-thawing cycles for samples, lysates, extracted NA.



# DETECTION OF BONT A & F, B & E, C & D AND G BY qPCR WITH BIOTK061 (BIOTK062, BIOTK063, BIOTK064, BIOTK065)

### **Global Procedure**

- Establish qPCR plate setup defining each sample position and including the following controls:
- Negative Control Sample (NCS): water (or PBS) replaces the sample from the first step of sample preparation.

This control is mandatory for each extraction series.

- Negative Amplification Control (NC): 5 μl of water RNase/DNase free (Aqua-A tube, blue cap) replaces sample Nucleic Acids extract on qPCR plate.
  - This control is <u>recommended</u> when using the kit for the first time or to verify the absence of Master Mix contamination.
- External Positive Control of BoNT (EPC): Synthetic DNA provided (tubes EPCBoNTAF-A, EPCBoNTBE-A, EPCBoNTCD-A, EPCBoNTG-A: orange cap), containing specific target of BoNT A and BoNT F; BoNT B and BoNT E; BoNT C and BoNT D; BoNT G.

These controls are mandatory.

▲ CAUTION: EPC tubes handling represents a nucleic acids contamination hazard, it is thus recommended to open and handle its in a restricted area, away from other PCR components and to take precautions to avoid cross-contamination with nucleic acids extracts during deposit on the qPCR plate.



#### 2) qPCR plate preparation

#### In the "MIX" dedicated area

 After thawing, vortex and rapid centrifugation, transfer 15 μl Master Mix MMBoNTAF-A, MMBoNTBE-A, MMBoNTCD-A or MMBoNTG-A (White cap) in each well of interest (samples and controls).

#### In the "Nucleic Acids addition" dedicated area

Add 5 µl of extracted nucleic acids (or NCS, water or EPC: orange cap tube) in each well of interest.
 Make sure to pipet out in the bottom of the well, in the Master Mix, and to avoid the formation of bubbles.

Note: if the exogenous IPC was not added during sample extraction, it can be added directly in the qPCR plate:

- Add 1 µl of IPC (pink cap) with the extracted nucleic acids
- Or add directly the IPC (1  $\mu$ I) per reaction) in an aliquot of Master Mix before the deposits of 16  $\mu$ I of this mix into each well of interest. Then add 5  $\mu$ I of extracted nucleic acids.

The reaction volume will be increased to 21 µl, without impacting the effectiveness of the qPCR.

3. Seal the plate with an optically clear sealer or close the strip caps.

#### In the "PCR" amplification dedicated area

- 4. Define the thermocycler parameters (see Table 5, Table 6, Table 7 and Table 8)
- It is recommended to spin the plate down prior to place it in the thermocycler, to prevent drops in the well pit walls.
- 6. Start the qPCR program. Approximate run time: 70 min.



## 3) Thermocycler settings

This kit was developed and validated on ABI PRISM® 7500 Fast (Applied Biosystems) in standard ramping and confirmed on AriaMx™ (Agilent Technologies, Fast ramping by default). For other thermocyclers, contact our technical support.

Table 5. Thermocycler configuration					
ABI PRISM® 7500 Fast AriaMx™					
Mode	Quantitation – Standard curve	Quantitative PCR, Fluorescence Probe			
Ramping	Ramping Standard	Ramping Fast by default			
Passive Reference	ROX	ROX			

#### For Bio-T kit® BoNT A & F, Bio-T kit® BoNT B & E, Bio-T kit® BoNT C & D

	Table 6. Thermocycler Settings					
Target	Dete	ectors	Final Volume / well			
Target	Reporter	Quencher	rillar volume / well			
BoNT A or BoNT B or BoNT C	FAM	NFQ-MGB ou None*	20 μl			
BoNT F or BoNT E or BoNT D	VIC	NFQ-MGB ou None*	- 15 μl Master Mix + 5 μl extracted nucleics acids or			
Exogenous IPC	Cy5	NFQ-MGB ou None*	controls <sup>†</sup>			
To assig	To assign to samples and controls <sup>†</sup>					

<sup>\*</sup> Depends on the thermocycler model. Do not hesitate to contact the BioSellal Technical Support (tech@biosellal.com) † Controls are NC (water), NCS (extracted water) and/or EPC.

#### For Bio-T kit® BoNT G

	Table 7. Thermocycler Settings					
Target	Dete	Final Volume / well				
laiget	Reporter	Quencher	riliai volume / Well			
BoNT G	FAM	NFQ-MGB ou None*	20 μΙ			
Exogenous IPC	Cy5	= 15 μl Master Mix + 5 μl extracted nucleics acids or				
ou None*			controls <sup>†</sup>			

<sup>\*</sup> Depends on the thermocycler model. Do not hesitate to contact the BioSellal Technical Support (tech@biosellal.com)
† Controls are NC (water), NCS (extracted water) and/or EPC.



Table 8. C	Table 8. CLASSICAL Amplification program settings without RT <sup>†</sup>				
Ramping Standard ou Fast					
Cycles	Temps	Température			
1 cycle	5 min	95°C			
	15 sec	95°C			
40 cycles	30 sec* + data acquisition	60°C			

<sup>\*</sup> Set 31s for some thermocyclers such as ABI PRISM® 7500.

# **RESULTS INTERPRETATION**

To analyze and interpret the signals obtained by qPCR, the Threshold must be set up.

The threshold must be assigned carefully in order to obtain the most reproducible result between different manipulations according to the requirements defined in Annex C of the French Standard **NF U47-600 (part** 

1). A consistent set of positives controls, usually an In-house Reference Material (MRI) or the EPC, is used to set the threshold value above the baseline and in the exponential amplification phase of the plot.

The Threshold Cycle, named « Ct » or « Cq » (depending on thermocyclers), corresponds to the intersection between the amplification curves and the threshold line. It allows the relative measurement of the concentration of the target in the PCR reaction when a calibrated extract is analyzed in the same series.

The qPCR series is validated if the controls (EPC, NCS and NC) present valid results, then the result of each sample can be interpreted.

<sup>†</sup> optional step, in case of simultaneous detection of RNA genomes. Achieving a reverse-transcription (RT) step prior to PCR for the amplification of RNA genomes has no impact on the effectiveness of the Bio-T kit® BoNT all types.

NB: This amplification program is compatible with all Bio-T kits® except for ones belonging to the PIG and AVIAN LINES.



# **Main Scenarios**

# Controls Reading for Bio-T kit® BoNT A & F, Bio-T kit® BoNT B & E, Bio-T kit® BoNT C & D

	Table 9. PCR Controls results interpretation				
	BoNT A or BoNT B or BoNT C	Targets BoNT F or BoNT E or BoNT D	Exogenous IPC	Interpretation	
	(FAM)	(VIC)	(Cy5)		
NCS	Neg	Neg	Pos	Valid	
Negative Control Sample		the two targets	Pos	Contamination with a positive sample during extraction step or during qPCR plate preparation.	
MANDATORY	Neg	Neg	Neg	Omission of exogenous IPC DNA addition? Defective extraction?	
NC Negative PCR	Neg	Neg	Neg	Valid	
Control  OPTIONAL	At leas	At least one of the three targets  Pos		Contamination with a negative or a positive sample during PCR plate preparation? or Master Mix / Water contamination?	
EPC PCR external	Pos*	Pos*	Neg	Valid	
positive control for	Neg	Neg	Neg	Problem during qPCR plate preparation: Master Mix error? EPC omission?	
BONT A and F or BONT B and E or BONT C and D	Pos*	Pos*	Pos	Contamination with a sample during qPCR plate preparation?	

<sup>\*</sup> The Ct value obtained must be conform with the value indicated on the Certificate of Analysis (CA).



# Controls Reading for Bio-T kit® BoNT G

Table 10. PCR Controls results interpretation					
	Та	rgets			
	BoNT G (FAM)	Exogenous IPC (Cy5)	Interpretation		
NCS	Neg	Pos	Valid		
Negative Control Sample	Pos	Pos	Contamination with a positive/negative sample during extraction step or during qPCR plate preparation.		
MANDATORY	Neg	Neg	Omission of exogenous IPC DNA addition? Defective extraction?		
NC Negative PCR Control	Neg	Neg	Valid		
OPTIONAL	At least one of the two target Pos	he two target Pos	Contamination with a negative or a positive sample during PCR plate preparation? or Master Mix / Water contamination?		
EPC	Pos*	Neg	Valid		
BoNT G PCR external positive control	Neg	Neg	Problem during qPCR plate preparation: Master Mix error? EPC omission?		
MANDATORY IN ABSENCE OF MRSI	Pos*	Pos	Contamination with a sample during qPCR plate preparation?		

<sup>\*</sup> The Ct value obtained must be conform with the value indicated on the Certificate of Analysis (CA).



# Samples Reading for Bio-T kit® BoNT A & F, Bio-T kit® BoNT B & E, Bio-T kit® BoNT C & D

T	able 11. Differen	t types of results o	btained for the samples
BoNT A or BoNT B or BoNT C	Targets BoNT F or BoNT E or BoNT D	Exogenous IPC	Interpretation
(FAM)	(VIC)	(Cy5)	
Neg	Neg <sup>¥</sup>	Pos*	Negative or Undetected
Pos <sup>¥</sup>	Pos	F 03	Positive or Detected
Pos	Pos	Neg or Ct>35	Positive or Detected  Problem during the IPC addition?  Presence of inhibitors 1?  Competition with the mains targets?
One of the ta	irgets is <mark>Neg</mark>	Neg or Ct>35	Positive or Detected for the positive target  Uninterpretable = Repeat the analysis for the negative target  Exogenous IPC omission during the extraction and/or qPCR? Presence of inhibitors <sup>1</sup> ? Nucleic acids degradation in the sample?
Neg	Neg	Neg or Ct>35	Extraction problem? Competition with other target?  Uninterpretable = Repeat the analysis Nucleic acids extract omission or extract not i contact with Master Mix ? Presence of inhibitors <sup>†</sup> ? Nucleic acids degradation in the sample? Problem during the IPC addition?

<sup>\*</sup> The obtained Ct value depends on the thermocycler, the sample type and the used extraction protocol. This value must be, at least, included within the specified range in the certificate of analysis (CA). Ct values for IPC are available upon request. BioSellal recommends you to determine your own maximal IPC Ct value depending on your own extraction method and thermocycler.

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<sup>†</sup> In case of inhibition suspicion, 1) Repeat the qPCR with the dilution of extracted nucleic acids at 1/10 or 1/100 in the DNase/RNase free water. 2)Restart the analysis from the extraction step.

<sup>¥</sup> In case of samples positive for both BoNT A and BoNT F, and if BoNT A Ct value is low, the curve shape for BoNT F can be impacted due to a competition phenomenon. Thus, BioSellal recommends to pay particular attention for the curve shape of BoNT F curves in case of BoNT A strong positive sample.



# Samples Reading for Bio-T kit® BoNT G

Table 12. Different types of results obtained for the samples		
Targets		
BoNT (FAM)	Exogenous IPC (Cy5)	Interpretation
Neg	Pos*	Negative ou Undetected
Pos		Positive ou Detected
Pos	Neg or Ct>35	Positive ou Detected
		Problem during the IPC addition?
		Presence of inhibitors †?
		Competition with the main target?
Neg	Neg or Ct>35	Uninterpretable
		= Repeat the analysis for the negative target
		Nucleic acids extract omission or extract not in
		contact with Master Mix?
		Presence of inhibitors †?
		Nucleic acids degradation in the sample?
		Problem during the IPC addition?
		Extraction problem?

<sup>\*</sup> The obtained Ct value depends on the thermocycler, the sample type and the used extraction protocol. This value must be, at least, included within the specified range in the certificate of analysis (CA). Ct values for IPC are available upon request. BioSellal recommends you to determine your own maximal IPC Ct value depending on your own extraction method and thermocycler.

<sup>†</sup> In case of inhibition suspicion, 1) Repeat the qPCR with the dilution of extracted nucleic acids at 1/10 or 1/100 in the DNase/RNase free water. 2)Restart the analysis from the extraction step.





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## **Technical Support**

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